

U.S. Grain Transportation:

An Overview of the Railway System

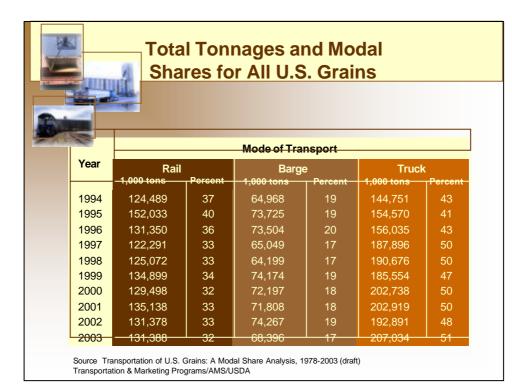
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Outline

- U.S
 - U.S. grain transportation overview
 - U.S. railway system
 - History
 - Railroad classification
 - Ranking by miles
 - U.S. railroads and grain
 - Looking into the future: issues to be addressed

U.S. Grain Transportation Overview

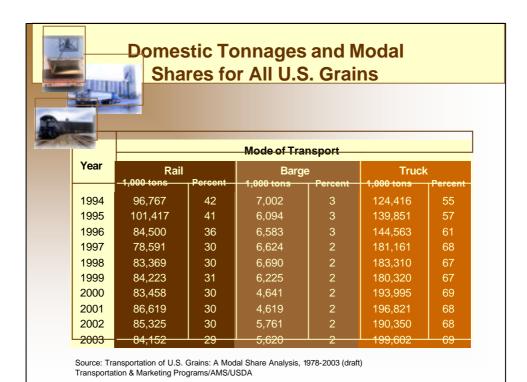
- Barge, rail, trucks compete and complement each other in the transport of grain
- This balance provides grain shippers:
 - Highly efficient and low-cost system of transportation
 - · Lower shipping costs
 - · Smaller marketing margins
 - Competitive export prices



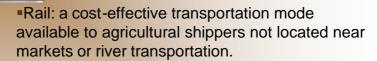


	Mode of Transport					
Year	Rail 1,000 tons Percent		Barge 1,000 tons Percent		Truck 1,000 tons Percent	
1994	27,722	26	57,966	55	20,336	19
1995	50,616	38	67,631	51	14,719	11
1996	46,850	37	66,921	53	11,471	9
1997	43,700	40	58,426	54	6,735	6
1998	41,703	39	57,509	54	7,366	7
1999	50,676	41	67,949	55	5,234	4
2000	46,040	38	67,556	55	8,743	7
2001	48,519	40	67,189	55	6,098	5
2002	46,052	39	68,506	59	2,541	2
2003	47,236	40	62,776	53	7,432	6

Source: Transportation of U.S. Grains: A Modal Share Analysis, 1978-2003 (draft) Transportation & Marketing Programs/AMS/USDA



U.S. Railway System Overview



- Privately own infrastructure with limited access.
- High fixed costs need large capital requirements.
- •Few large firms.
- Only freight transportation mode subject to economic regulation.



U.S. Railway Regulatory Overview

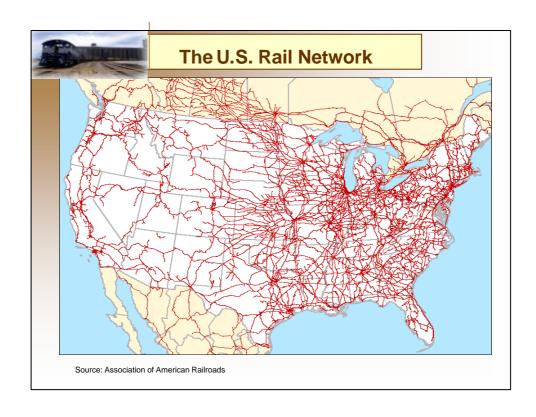
- The interstate Commerce Act of 1887 (ICC Act):
 - Price discrimination
 - Pooling or formation of cartels
 - Rail rates required to be "just and reasonable."
 - Railroad required publishing and adhering to these tariffs.
 - Created the Interstate Commerce Commission (ICC) to implement the ICC Act.
- The Hepburn Act of 1906
- The Transportation Act of 1920
- Regional Rail Reorganization Act of 1973 (3-R Act).
- Regulatory Reform Act of 1976 (4-R Act)



U.S. Railway Regulatory Overview

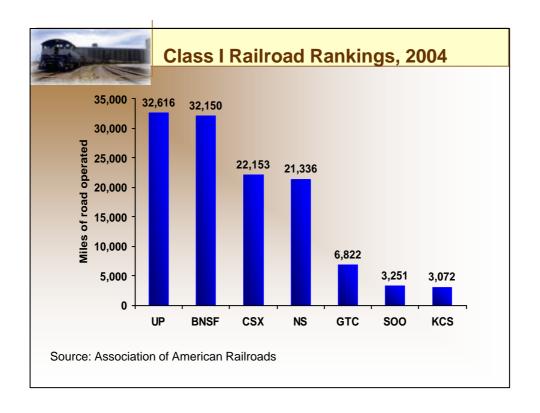
Staggers Rail Act of 1980:

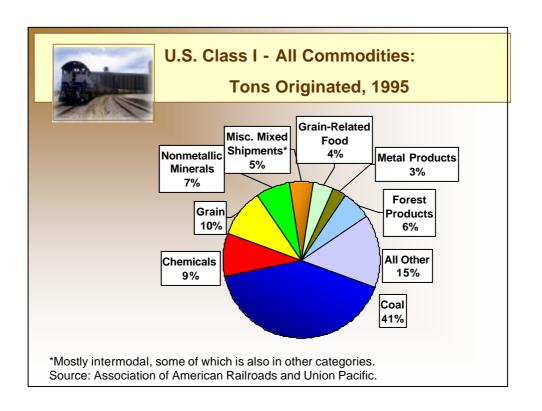
- Speed up abandonment procedures
- Greater flexibility in configuration of rail networks
- Accelerated merger timetables
- Confidential contracts with shippers
- Interstate Commerce Commission Termination Act of 1995 (ICCTA) eliminated the ICC and replaced it with the Surface Transportation Board (STB).
- •STB is an economic regulatory agency with the fundamental missions of resolving railroad rate and service disputes and reviewing proposed railroad mergers.

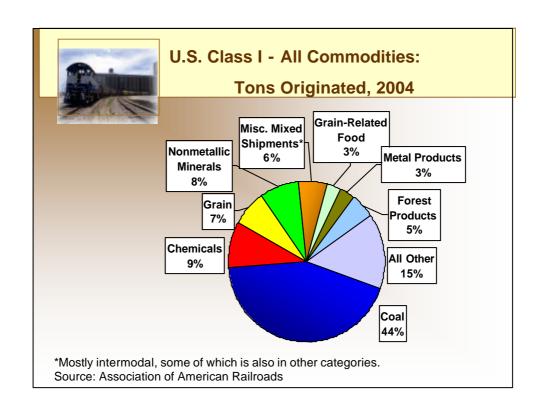


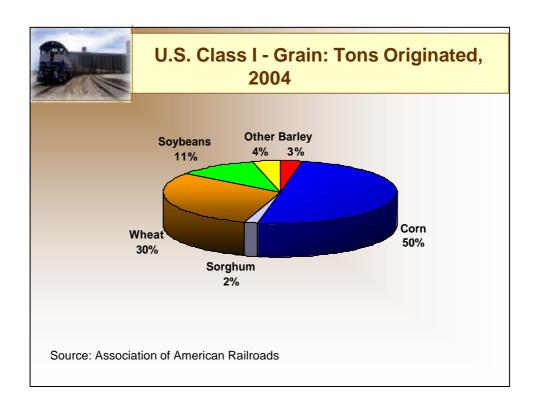
		U.S. Railroads Classification, 2004				
		No.	Operating revenue	Range	Miles	
	Class I	7	>\$289.4 million	>3,000 miles	97,662*	
	Regional	31	\$40-Class I threshold	= 350 miles	15,422	
	Local	518	<\$40 million	<350 miles	11,778	
	Total U.S.	556			176,899	

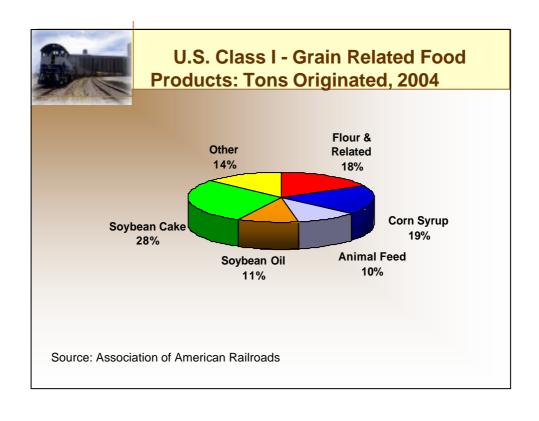
Source: Railroad Facts, 2005 Edition, Overview of U.S. Freight Railroads, February 2005. *Updated as of January 13, 2006. Association of American Railroads

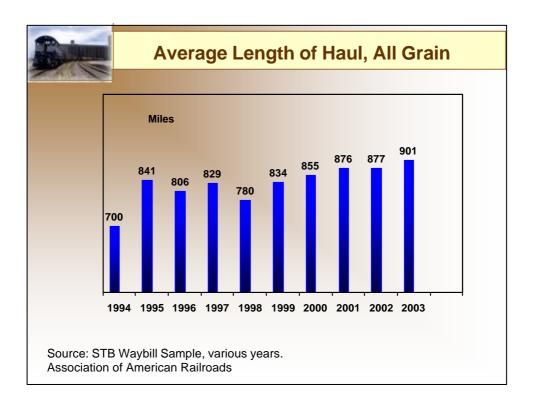


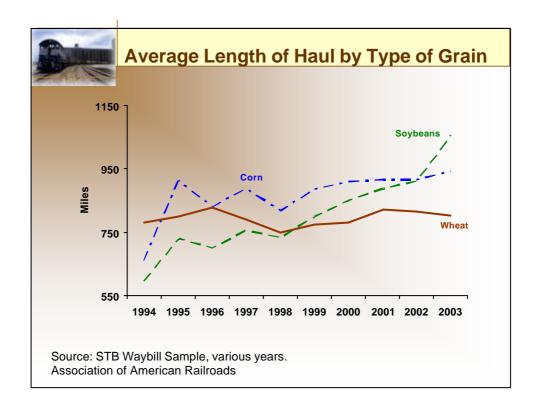


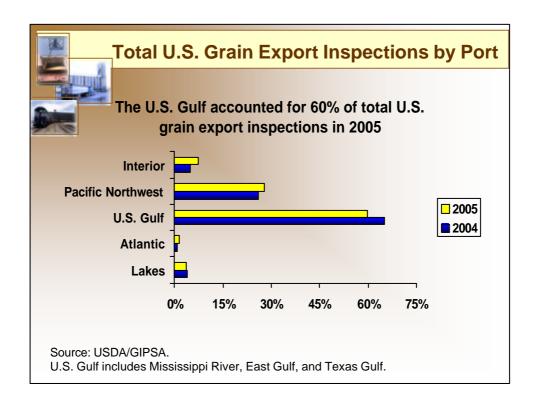


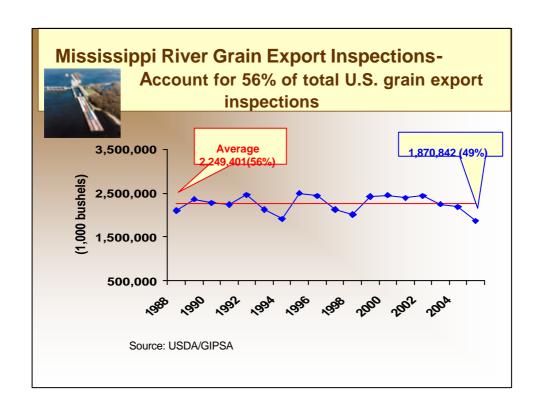














Country	1,000 mt	Rank
Japan	14,841	1
Mexico	5,799	2
Taiwan	4,810	3
Egypt	3,650	4
Colombia	2,271	5
Rest of world	13,763	
Total	45,134	

Source: USDA/FAS

Top 5 U.S. Soybean Export Destinations, 2005

Country	1,000 mt	Rank
China	9,395	1
Mexico	3,399	2
Japan	2,837	3
Taiwan	1,684	4
Indonesia	1,163	5
Rest of world	7,125	
Total	25,603	

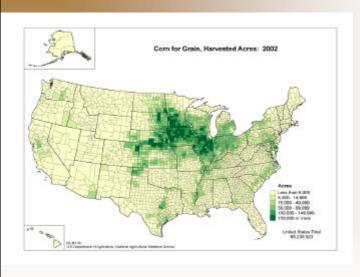
Source: USDA/FAS

Top 5 U.S. Wheat Export Destinations, 2005

Country	1,000 mt	Rank
Nigeria	3,168	1
Japan	2,977	2
Mexico	2,692	3
Philippines	1,643	4
Egypt	1,359	5
Rest of world	15,018	
Total	26,857	

Source: USDA/FAS

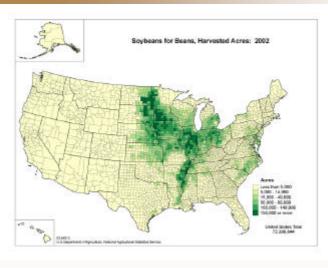
U.S. Corn Production-Tops 5 Producing States, 2005



States	Production
IA	(1,000 Bu.) 2,162,500
IL	1,708,850
NE	1,270,500
MN	1,191,900
SD	470,050
U.S.	(4%) 11,112,072

Source: USDA/NASS

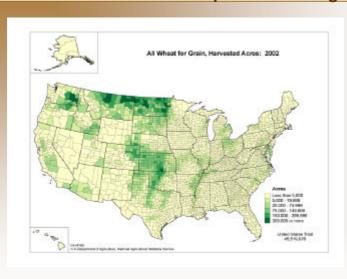
U.S. Soybean Production-Tops 5 Producing States, 2005



Production 1,000 Bu.)
532,650 17%)
144,150 14%)
263,620 9%)
306,00 10%)
183,520 6%)
3,086,432

Source: USDA/NASS

U.S. Wheat Production-Tops 5 Producing States, 2005



States	Production
	(1,000 Bu.)
κs	380,000
	(18%)
ND	1, ,
עא	303,765
	1, ,
MT	192,480
	(9%)
WA	139,300
	(7%)
SD	133,420
	(6%)
e	2.104.690
U.S.	12,104,030

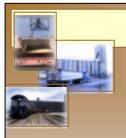
Source: USDA/NASS

Looking to The Future: Issues to be Addressed

- Railroad Capacity Constraints:
- Rail traffic density increased 41% since 1995.
- Freight transportation demand is expected to continue increasing.
 - ■The U.S. DOT forecasts a 55% increase in U.S. freight rail traffic by 2020.
- Continued investment to increase capacity.

Looking to The Future: Issues to be Addressed

- Agriculture will continue competing with non-grain business for rail services.
- The U. S. Rail Network
- Captive shippers:
 - Located in areas lacking rail competitive services
 - Limited to one railroad service.



Concluding Observations

U.S. Department of Agriculture
Agricultural Marketing Service/Transportation &
Marketing Programs Market Reports:

Grain Transportation Reports:

http://www.ams.usda.gov/tmdtsb/grain/

The Agricultural Container Indicators (AgCI)

http://www.ams.usda.gov/tmd2/agci/

The Ocean Rate Bulletin:

http://www.ams.usda.gov/tmd/Ocean/Index.asp

Other related reports can be found:

http://www.ams.usda.gov/tmd/TSB/marketreports.htm